

### Exercise sheet 3

**Exercise 1** (Rational functions and multiplicities). Let  $F \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  be a smooth irreducible projective curve. Let  $F^i \subset \mathbb{A}^2$  be an affine part of  $F$ , and let  $P \in F^i$  be a point. Let  $S(F)$  be the homogeneous coordinate ring of  $F$ , and let  $A(F^i)$  be the coordinate ring of  $F^i$ .

- (1) Prove that  $K(F) \cong K(F^i)$ .
- (2) Prove that  $\mathcal{O}_{F^i, P} \cong \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{A}^2, P}/(F^i)$ . Hence prove that for any nonzero  $\psi \in A(F^i)$ ,
$$\mu_P(\psi) = \dim_k \mathcal{O}_{F^i, P}/\langle \psi \rangle.$$
- (3) Prove that there exists a rational function  $\psi \in K(F^i)$  such that  $\mu_P(\psi) = -1$ , and  $\mu_Q(\psi) \geq 0$  for every  $Q \neq P$ .
- (4) Prove that  $S(F) = \bigoplus_{d \geq 0} S_d(F)$ .
- (5) For a nonzero rational function  $\varphi = \frac{f}{g} \in K(F)$ , prove that  $\mu_P(\varphi)$  is well-defined. Moreover, if  $P \in F^i$ , prove that  $\mu_P(\varphi) = \mu_P(\varphi^i)$ , where

$$\varphi^i = \frac{f^i}{g^i}.$$

- (6) Assume  $F = y^2z + x^3 - xz^2$ . Let  $P = [0 : 0 : 1] \in F$  and

$$\varphi = \frac{x^2}{y^2 + yz}.$$

- (a) Compute  $m = \mu_P(\varphi)$ .
- (b) Find a local coordinate  $t \in \mathcal{O}_{F, P}$ .
- (c) Find an expression  $\varphi = ct^m$ , where  $c = \frac{f}{g} \in \mathcal{O}_{F, P}$  is a unit and  $f, g$  are homogeneous polynomials of the same degree with

$$f(P) \neq 0, \quad g(P) \neq 0.$$

- (d) Compute  $\text{div}(\varphi)$ .

**Exercise 2** (Divisors). Let  $F$  be a smooth irreducible projective curve.

- (1) Let  $D$  be a divisor on  $F$ . Prove that  $\deg(D) = 0$  and  $l(D) > 0$  if and only if  $D \sim 0$ .
- (2) Let  $f$  be a homogeneous polynomial with  $\text{div}(f) = D + E$  for two divisors  $D$  and  $E$  on  $F$ . Prove that if  $D \sim D'$  and  $D' + E$  is effective, then there exists a homogeneous polynomial  $g$  of degree  $d$  such that  $\text{div}(g) = D' + E$ .
- (3) Assume that  $F$  is a smooth plane cubic. Let  $P, Q, R, S$  be four distinct points on  $F$  such that  $P + Q \sim R + S$ . Assume that the two lines  $\overline{PQ}$  and  $\overline{RS}$  are distinct. Show that

$$\overline{PQ} \cap \overline{RS} \in F.$$

**Exercise 3** (Riemann–Roch Theorem). Let  $F$  be a smooth irreducible projective curve of degree  $d$  and genus  $g$ . Denote by  $k[x, y, z]_n$  the space of homogeneous polynomials of degree  $n$ .

- (1) Assume that the line  $z = 0$  is not a component of  $F$ . For any  $n \geq d$ , let  $D = \text{div}(z^n)$ .
  - (a) Prove that there is an exact sequence

$$0 \rightarrow k[x, y, z]_{n-d} \xrightarrow{\times F} k[x, y, z]_n \xrightarrow{/z^n} L(D) \rightarrow 0.$$

- (b) Prove that  $l(D) = \deg(D) + 1 - g$ .

- (2) **(Brill–Noether reciprocity)** Suppose  $D + D' \sim K_F$ . Prove that

$$l(D) - l(D') = \frac{1}{2}(\deg D - \deg D').$$

- (3) Let  $D$  be a divisor such that  $\deg(D) = 2g - 2$  and  $l(D) = g$ . Prove that  $D \sim K_F$ .  
 (4) Let  $D, D' \geq 0$  be effective divisors. Assume that there exists  $0 \neq \psi \in L(D)$  such that  $\psi \notin L(D - E)$  for every nonzero effective divisor  $E \leq D'$ . Prove that multiplication by  $\psi$  induces an isomorphism

$$L(D')/L(0) \longrightarrow L(D + D')/L(D).$$

- (5) **(Clifford's theorem)** Let  $D$  be a divisor such that  $l(D) > 0$  and  $l(K_F - D) > 0$ . Prove that

$$l(D) \leq \frac{1}{2} \deg(D) + 1.$$